33. A computer device for driving multiple displays of different types using formats designed for raster displays, said device comprising:

means for linking generated code from said formats to a standard graphics library;

means for driving a plurality of displays of different types with a single display routine, said plurality of displays comprising stroke displays, raster displays, and hybrid displays, wherein said hybrid displays comprise stroke and raster displays, from output of said graphics library; and

means for dynamically switching between said displays in real time.

38. A computer device for driving a hybrid stroke/raster display using formats designed for raster displays, said device comprising:

means for linking generated code from said formats to a standard graphics library;

driving said hybrid stroke and raster display with a single display routine;

means for providing stroke and raster display inputs from output of said graphics library.

43. A method for driving multiple displays of different types using formats designed for raster displays, the method comprising the steps of:

linking generated code from the formats to a standard graphics library;
driving a plurality of displays of different types with a single display
routine, the plurality of displays comprising stroke displays, raster displays, and hybrid displays, wherein the hybrid displays comprise stroke and raster displays, from output of the graphics library; and

dynamically switching between the displays in real time.

and

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33. A computer device for driving multiple displays of different types using formats designed for raster displays, said device comprising:

means for linking generated code from said formats to a standard graphics library;

means for driving a plurality of displays of different types with a single display routine, said plurality of displays comprising stroke displays, raster displays and hybrid displays, wherein said hybrid displays comprise stroke and raster displays, from output of said graphics library; and

means for dynamically switching between said displays in real time.

- 34. The device of Claim 33, wherein said graphics library comprises an OpenGL graphics library.
- 35. The device of Claim 33, wherein said formats comprise generated code formats.
- 36. The device of Claim 33, wherein said driving means comprise stroke video drivers using occlusion memory.
- 38. A computer device for driving a hybrid stroke/raster display using formats designed for raster displays, said device comprising:

means for linking generated code from said formats to a standard graphics library;

driving said hybrid stroke and raster display with a single display routine;

means for providing stroke and raster display inputs from output of said graphics library.



- 39. The device of Claim 38, wherein said graphics library comprises an OpenGL graphics library.
- 40. The device of Claim 38 further comprising stroke video drivers using occlusion memory.
- 41. The device of Claim 38 further comprising means for dynamically switching between stroke and raster video drivers in real time.
- 42. The device of Claim 38, wherein said formats comprise generated code formats.
- 43. A method for driving multiple displays of different types using formats designed for raster displays, the method comprising the steps of:

linking generated code from the formats to a standard graphics library; driving a plurality of displays of different types with a single display routine, the plurality of displays comprising stroke displays, raster displays and hybrid displays, wherein the hybrid displays comprise stroke and raster displays, from output of the graphics library; and

dynamically switching between the displays in real time.

- 44. The method of Claim 43, wherein the linking step comprises linking to an OpenGL graphics library.
- 45. The method of Claim 43, wherein the linking step comprises linking generated code.
- 46. The method of Claim 43, wherein the driving step comprises employing stroke video drivers using occlusion memory rather than raster masking.

48. A method for driving a hybrid stroke/raster display using formats designed for raster displays, the method comprising the steps of:

linking generated code from the formats to a standard graphics library; driving the hybrid stroke and raster display with a single display routine;

and

providing stroke and raster display inputs from output of the graphics

library.

49. The method of Claim 48, wherein the linking step comprises linking to an OpenGL graphics library.

- 50. The method of Claim 48 further comprising the step of providing stroke video drivers using occlusion memory.
- 51. The method of Claim 48 further comprising the step of dynamically switching between stroke and raster video drivers in real time.
- 52. The method of Claim 51, wherein the linking step comprises linking generated code.